## PREFACE AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Karbis are one of the most important tribe of north east India. They are formerly known as 'Mikir' belongs to the mongoloid group and linguistically belongs to Tibeto-Burman group. In course of time one section of Karbi hill dweller had to descend to the plains for some reasons and settled their life in plains. Karbis own a vibrant cultural life moulded by numerous cultural activities, rites and rituals and folk beliefs that are transmitted from generation to generation by good number of traditional bearer since the time immemorial. Therefore folk beliefs and rituals are community oriented and supposed to be the identification mark for a community. Rites, rituals, ethos, beliefs and practices occupy a important place in the life of Karbi community. The primary objective of the present study has been to understand the folk beliefs and rituals prevalent in plains Karbi of Demoria region as an identity marker. This study deals with the understanding of womanhood by the activities practiced in their daily lives and folk beliefs and rituals associated with marriage related beliefs, religious beliefs among Karbi women, healing practices, puberty rites, pregnancy, and other health issues among the Karbi women.

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